UNIT 8 : WEEK 17 & 18

Read

14. rural (a) thuộc về nông thôn

15. urban (a) thuộc về thành thị

16. leave behind (v) từ bỏ, bỏ lại sau lưng

17. well-paying (a) có thu nhập cao

18. plentiful (a) nhiều, phong phú

19. struggle (n) cuộc đấu tranh

(v) đấu tranh

20. typhoon (n) bão nhiệt đới

21. drought = flood (n) lũ lụt

22. increase (n) sự gia tang

23. strain (n) sự căng thẳng

24. supply (n) nguồn cung cấp

25. human (a) nhân loại

26. tragedy (n) bi kịch

27. apart (adv) xa, cách nhau

28. case (n) trường hợp

29. government (n) chính phủ

30. migrant (n) người di cư

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | V | N | ADJ | ADV |
| 1 | access |  | accessible | accessibly |
| 2 | face | face |  |  |
| 3 | migrate | Migration/ migrant |  |  |
| 4 |  | plenty | plentiful |  |
| 5 |  |  | permanent | permanently |
| 6 | entertain | entertainment |  |  |
| 7 |  | simplicity | simple | simply |
|  | pollute | pollution | Polluted/unpolluted |  |

I. WORD FORM

1.He was the…………..of the school after winning the contest.( proud)

2.Disneyland is one of the famous ares of………..( entertain)

3.He had no……….. for his absence.(explain)

4.We live in a rather rich………….. ( neighbor).

5.Television is very……….. nowadays.( popular)

6. Our country is rich in………………… resources.( nature)

7.How…………… of you to break that cup!( care)

8.They are members of an international………………(organize)

9. I have to do some maths………….. tonight.( revise)

10. English is………………. Used in many parts of the world.(wide)

**II. Reading Comprehension:**

Although 80% of Australians live near cities, the cities are not as large as those in some other countries. Most people live in houses in suburbs - not in apartments. The suburbs usually have their own churches, schools, and shopping centers. They also have recreational facilities. In large cities, like Sydney, the suburbs are often far from the center of town. Because many people commute to work, traffic is slow and there are many traffic jams. recreational (a) : giải trí commute (v) : đi làm xa

• Read and decide True or False:

1. Most of the Australians live in the suburbs.

2. The word ‘their’ in line 3 refer to ‘countries’.

3. Sydney is the center of Australia.

4. There are many traffic jams because many people commute to work.

• Read again and choose the best answer A,B,C or D:

1. The cities in Australia .

A. are very beautiful

B. are not as large as cities in some other countries

C. are the biggest cities in the world

D. are noisy

2. Which sentence below is NOT true:

A. Eighty percent of Australians live near cities.

B. Most of people don’t live in apartments.

C. There are only churches, schools, and shopping centers in the suburbs.

D. Traffic in Sydney is very slow because Sydney is a large city.

**III. Rewrite the sentences.**

1. ‘Turn off all the lights when you go out’ . Jane said to Tim

Jane……………………………………………

2.You should more exercise, Mr Roberts,’ the doctor said

The doctor………………………………

3.No one in the group is younger than Hoa.

Hoa is…………………………………………

4. It’s nearly two years since we saw Lan.

We haven’t………………………………………

5.My sister dances very well.

My sister is…………………………………………

6. The last time I saw him was in 1995.

I haven’t…………………………………

7.When did you begin to learn English?

How long………………………………..

8.Are you and Lan the same age?

Are you as……………………………………………….

9.I expected my friends to arrive at 4 o’clock, but they arrived at 2.30.

My friends…………………………………………………

10. ‘Don’t walk on the grass,” the gardener said to us.

The gardener…………………………………………………………….

**REVISION 1**

**I. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. Volunteer students usually go to work at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the weekend.

A. distance B. next- door C. neighbor D. orphanage

2. He came up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new way to recycle used beer cans.

A. to B. with C. for D. away

3. According to the program, the concert \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at 5:30 tomorrow evening.

A. starts B. start C. would start D. started

4. Jack: “What is your classmate like?” – Jenny: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. She enjoys telling jokes. C. She has a sense of humor.

B. She is slim and tall. D. She is interested in watching films.

5. It was such a lovely vacation. We enjoy \_\_\_\_\_\_ so much.

A. our B. ours C. ourselfs D. ourselves

6. It’s very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to do the shopping in the shopping mall.

A. convenient B. conveniently C. convenience D. inconvenient

7. All of the teachers like Nam because he’s a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ student.

A. reserved B. emigrated C. hard- working D. lazy

8. My friend is very ill. He has been in the hospital \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Saturday.

A. on B. for C. since D. at

9. The man: “May I help you?” The woman: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. What can I do for you? B. I’m afraid I’m busy now C. Why not?

D. Yes, that’s very kind of you

10. Sorry, I can’t help you. I’m not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to carry that box for you.

A. enough strong B. strong enough C. strength enough D. enough strength

11. Some residents are concerned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the construction of the new shopping mall.

A. in B. about C. from D. during

12. She enjoys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Youth Club in her school.

A. participating B. to participate C. participates D. participate

13. The police are looking for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the car that caused the accident this morning.

A. student B. owner C. citizen D. shopper

14. Your opinion about this subject is quite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from mine.

A. same B. different C. like D. as

**II. Read the signs and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D).**

15. This sign means you can get across the road by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. walking on a zebra crossing.

B. walking through a mountain.

C. walking through a pedestrian crossing.

D. walking on a pedestrian bridge.

16. This sign means that you must be careful because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. school zone ahead

B. construction zone ahead

C. railroad crossing ahead 

D. rough road ahead

**III. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False**. (0.25 x 6 = 1.5 pts)

Alexander Graham Bell was born in Edinburgh, Scotland in the nineteenth century, and later came to the United States. Several members of his family did a great deal to encourage him in the field of science. His father helped him a lot by supervising his work with the deaf. When he worked with the deaf and investigated the science acoustics, his studies eventually led to invention of multiple telegraphs and his greatest invention- the telephone. He dedicated the last quarter century of his life to advances in aviation.

17. Alexander Graham Bell was an English scientist.

18. Several members of his family wanted him to work in the field of science because they’re deaf.

19. Telephone was Bell’s greatest invention.

20. He dedicated 25 years of his life to aviation.

21. What is the passage mainly about?

A. The history of telephone.

B. Some of the most famous inventions of Graham Bell.

C. Bell is the greatest inventor in the nineteenth century.

D. Stories about Graham Bell’s life.

22. We can infer that Alexander Graham Bell \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. spent so many years working in aviation because he wanted to be a pilot.

B. dedicated his life to science and the well- being of mankind.

C. worked very hard, but never succeeded.

D. worked with the deaf so that he could invent the telephone.

**IV. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)**

Once upon a time, there was a girl called Cinderella who did all the work in the kitchen (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her lazy sisters did nothing. One night her sisters went to a ball at the palace. Cinderella was left at home, feeling very sad. After a time, her fairy godmother (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and told her that she could go to the ball, (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_ she had to return home by midnight. So she went to a ball in a beautiful dress and a wonderful coach. She danced with the Prince, but (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_ midnight she ran back home, leaving one of her shoes on the dance floor. The prince wanted to see her again and went to every house in the capital until he found the shoe was the right (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Cinderella. The Prince and Cinderella were married and lived (28) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ever after.

23. A. however B. while C. after D. before

24. A. appeared B. emigrated C. watched D. founded

25. A. but B. moreover C. so D. or

26. A. with B. at C. from D. in

27. A. part B. piece C. section D. size

28. A. unhappy B. happiness C. happily D. happy

**V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)**

29. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, his taxi got stuck in a traffic jam and therefore he was late for

his plane. (Fortunate)

30. I don’t think it’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go sailing in this stormy weather. (wisdom)

31. His \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was hurt when he lost the game. (proud)

32. The center will be ready to \_\_\_\_\_ candidates for the new program.(enrollment)

33. Something that is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ makes you feel relaxed. (comfort)

34. I can do these exercises \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (easy)

**VI. Rearrange the words or phrases in correct order to make complete sentences. (0.5 pt)**

35. the local library / Song is our school’s star / the peace and quiet of / and Khai likes / soccer player, / . /

A.  Song is our school’s star soccer player, and Khai likes the peace and quiet of the local library.

B.  Song is our school’s star soccer player, and Khai likes the local library the peace and quiet of.

C.  Song is our school’s star and Khai likes the peace and quiet of soccer player the local library.

D.  Song is our school’s star and Khai likes the peace and quiet of the local library soccer player.

36. talk freely about/ her students to/ The teacher/ their opinions/ encourages/./

A. The teacher talk freely about their opinions encourages her students to.

B. The teacher encourages her students to their opinions talk freely about.

C. The teacher encourages her students to talk freely about their opinions.

D. The teacher encourages their opinions to talk freely about her students.

**VII. Rewrite the following sentences in another way so as it means almost the same as the one before it. (1.0 pt)**

37. He is too poor to buy a beautiful house.

A.  He is not rich enough to buy a beautiful house.

B.  He is not poor enough to buy a beautiful house.

C.  He is not smart enough to buy a beautiful house.

D.  He is not excited enough to buy a beautiful house.

38. It takes me about an hour to watch TV every day.

A.  I spend an hour to watch TV every day.

B.  I spend taking about an hour to watch TV every day.

C.  I spend an hour watching TV every day.

D.  I spend an hour every day to watch TV.

39. Mr. Hung doesn’t walk to work anymore.

A.  Mr. Hung used to walk to work anymore.

B.  Mr. Hung used to walk to work

C.  Mr. Hung used to walking to work anymore.

D.  Mr. Hung used to walking to work.

40. “Put the books on the desk, please?” Susan said to me

A.  Susan asked me can you put the books on the desk.

B.  Susan asked me to put the books on the desk.

C.  Susan asked me putting the books on the desk.

D.  Susan asked me you can put the books on the desk.

**REVISION 2**

**I. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (3.5 pts)**

1. My grandfather often wears \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clothes on the Tet holiday.

A. same B. traditional C. magical D. normal

2. He started experimenting with ways of transmitting speech \_\_\_\_\_\_ a long distance.

A. over B. in C. on D. above

3. Let me get an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and I can fill it out.

A. revision B. importance C. application form D. celebration

4. We join in the volunteer club to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ funds for poor children.

A. do B. give C. take D. raise

5. As a kind and generous student, Khoa always \_\_\_\_\_ doing volunteer work for his local community.

A. spends much time B. gives much time C. sends much time D. transmits much time

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the words you want to learn is also a way to remember the important words.

A. Conducting B. Drawing C. Highlighting D. Encouraging

7. People go to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to attend many interesting activities and meet each other.

A. exhibition B. post office C. community center D. library

8. Nam and his bother have to cook dinner \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because his mother will go home late tonight.

A. himself B. herself C. themselves D. ourselves

9. It’s too dark outside. Can you close the door, please? - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Yes, I can B. How can you help? C. No, thank you D. No problem

10. The expression has two very different meanings \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English.

A. to B. in C. on D. at

11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is necessary. It helps you practice the words more times.

A. Revision B. Repetition C. Rearrangement D. Recognition

12. It’s easy for Hoa to make friends because she is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. reserved B. different C. hard-working D. outgoing

13. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and store owners are concerned about the new mall.

A. residents B. presidents C. presents D. selections

14. “May I help you?” “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. What can I do for you? B. I’m afraid I’m busy now.

C. Yes. That’s very kind of you. D. How can I help?

II. Read the signs and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D). (0.5 pts)

15. What does the sign say?

A. Don’t fix the faucet.

B. Don’t waste water.

C. Don’t drink water here.

D. Turn off the faucet

16. What should you do when you are driving and you see the sign?

A. You should stop and park 2.5 – ton truck here.

B. You should be careful with trucks crossing the road.

C. You should look for another way to travel if your truck is over 2.5 tons.

D. You should ask for help from a bigger truck.

III. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.5 pts)

One of the most wonderful inventions of the past 100 years is the telephone. This device has become a highly important part of our daily life. The first telephone was introduced in 1877.Today there are over 170 million telephones in the world. The average person in North America makes over 600 calls a year. The word “telephone” comes from Greek “tele” and “phone”, which means “distant” and “sound”. We may use the telephone everyday but how much do you know about it? The telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell in 1876. Bell was born in Scotland in 1847. Later he went to live in the USA. Bell was always interested in sound. He wanted to be able to send sound through a wire. He demonstrated his invention to the public at countless exhibitions around America, and by 1877 the first telephone was in commercial use.

17. Alexander Graham Bell was the inventor of the telephone.

18. Scotland is Bell’s birthplace.

19. Bell had a great interest in art.

20. The Greek word “phone” means “distant”.

21. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Television

B. Telegraph

C. Telephone

D. Telescope

22. t can be inferred from the passage that telephone is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for nearly everyone.

A. necessary B. interested C. dangerous D. safe

IV**. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage. (1.5 pts**)

Lan wanted to (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the activities for this summer, and the secretary helped her do that. She got (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and filled it out for Lan. She asked Lan about her personal details such (25)¬ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her name, her date of birth, her address, her phone number, and so on. Lan also told the secretary about her (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (drawing, outdoor activities and acting). After (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ filling out the form, the secretary told Lan to (28) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the form to her teacher immediately and ask her to sign it.

23. A. enroll B .write C. play D. take

24. A. an order form B. a receipt C. a document D. an application form

25. A. as B. like C. at D. that

26. A. things B. study C. hobbies D. chores

27. A. to finish B. finished C. finish D. finishing

28. A. take B. fill C. send D. make

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. We had an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ summer holiday last year. (enjoy)

30. Bell demonstrated his invention at a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (exhibit)

31. The children shouted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when they won the match. (excite)

32. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ over 1000 signatures for the petition last week. (collection)

33. Eating a lot of vegetables is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for everyone. (need)

34. She doesn’t have many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in speaking English. (difficult)

VI. Rearrange the words or phrases in correct order to make complete sentences.(0.5 pt)

35. and the small man was/ The tiger wanted to know/ was the servant/ the master/ why the strong buffalo/./

A.  The tiger wanted to know the master why the strong buffalo was the servant and the small man was.

B.  The tiger wanted to know why the strong buffalo was the servant and the small man was the master.

C.  The tiger wanted to know and the small man was why the strong buffalo was the servant the master.

D.  The tiger wanted to know was the servant why the strong buffalo and the small man was the master.

36. so as to find out/ learning words/ Language learners should try/ the best way for themselves/ different ways of/./

A.  Language learners should try the best way for themselves different ways of learning words so as to find out.

B.  Language learners should try learning words different ways of so as to find out the best way for themselves.

C.  Language learners should try so as to find out different ways of learning words the best way for themselves.

D.  Language learners should try different ways of learning words so as to find out the best way for themselves.

**VII. Rewrite the following sentences in another way so as it means almost the same as the one before it. (1.0 pt)**

**37. Linh enjoys talking about** her favorite film star.

A.  Linh is interested of talking about her favorite film star.

B.  Linh is likes talking about her favorite film star.

C.  Linh is keen on talking about her favorite film star.

D.  Linh is fond in talking about her favorite film star.

38. We started collecting stamps when we were ten.

A.  We’ve collected stamps since we were ten.

B.  We’ve started collected stamps since we were ten.

C.  We’ve collecting stamps since we were ten.

D.  We’ve collect stamps since we were ten.

39. The boy is too young. He can’t see the horror films.

A.  The boy is old enough to see the horror films.

B.  The boy is young enough to see the horror films.

C.  The boy is not enough old to see the horror films.

D.  The boy is not old enough to see the horror films.

40. My father doesn’t work for this company any longer.

A.  My father used to work for this company any longer.

B.  My father used to work for this company.

C.  My father used to worked for this company.

D.  My father used to working for this company.

**REVISION 3**

**I. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (3.5 pts)**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a story passed on in spoken form from one generation to the next.

A. Novel B. Fiction C. Folktale D. Legend

2. They \_\_\_\_\_\_ buy a new car next month. They have saved up for 3 years to have enough for it.

A. are going to B. will C. are going D. Ǿ

3. They bought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new car yesterday.

A. theirselves B. themself C. theyself D. themselves

4. My sister is short and\_\_\_\_\_\_. She has short\_\_\_\_\_\_ hair.

A. slim / dark B. blond / dark C. tall / blue D. blue / dark

5. She came home to look \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_her elderly parents.

A. with B. from C. after D. of

6. “It’s too dark outside. Can you close the door, please?” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Yes, I can B. How can you help?

C. No, thank you D. No problem

7. “Could you do me a favor?” – “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Of course B. No problem C. Certainly D. All are correct

8. We took an umbrella just as a \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. precaution B. chore C. socket D. character

9. You should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the important words you want to learn.

A. correct B. highlight C. match D. fill

10. They will arrive\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Monday, 10 December.

A. at B. in C. for D. on

11. You must not let children play in the street because it is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. suitable B. dangerous C. safe D. careful

12. I’m pleased to hear you had an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Christmas vacation.

A. enjoy B. enjoyably C. enjoyable D. enjoyment

13. Some shop owners are concerned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the opening of the new mall.

A. with B. at C. of D. about

14. How much time do you spend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ studying English?

A. in B. on C. for D. with

**II. Read the signs and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D). (0.5 pts)**

15. What does the sign say?



A. Don’t clean the electrical socket

B. Don't use your hands to pick up food

C. Don't raise your hand

D. Don’t touch electrical socket.

16. What does this sign mean?



A. Hot surface. Contact may cause burn.

B. Hands are not necessary.

C. You can touch it.

D. It’s not dangerous.

III. Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False. (1.5 pts)

UNICEF means the United Nations Children’s Fund. It serves children all over the world. UNICEF was created in 1946 to help bring food and medicine to children who suffered during World War II in Europe. It began as a temporary agency, but became a permanent part of the United Nations in 1953 due to the need for its services around the world. UNICEF’s primary concern is to help governments of developing countries improve the quality of life for almost one billion children. UNICEF’s main office is in the United Nations offices in New York City, but it also has more than 40 offices and 100 programs worldwide. In 1965, UNICEF won the Nobel Peace Prize for its work helping children and building brighter futures.

17. UNICEF is part of the United Nations.

18. In the future, UNICEF will provide supplies for schools.

19. UNICEF has offices all over the world.

20. In 1946, UNICEF won the Nobel Peace Prize.

21. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Children B. UNICEF C. Nobel Peace Prize D. Europe

22. What is UNICEF’s primary concern?

A. help governments of developing countries improve the quality of children’s life

B. help bring food and medicine to children

C. provide health care, information about nutrition and basic education

D. All are correct

**IV. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)**

Ha Noi is considered one of the (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_ cities in Vietnam thanks to (24) \_\_\_\_ beautiful and precious trees. Ancient trees in Ha Noi are frequently (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in poems. Each street can be represented by a tree: when you speak about Nguyen Du Street, you are reminded of hoa sua trees, and walking on Tran Hung Dao, sau trees come to mind. To local (26) \_\_\_\_, the hundred-year old trees that line the streets are more than just beautiful, they are part of the city’s identity.

Due to the treasured place the trees have in the (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the local residents, Hanoians seem to have a lot of concern when construction workers chop them (28) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Workers get away with digging around the trees without much care, and even leave the trees without enough earth to grow – making them vulnerable to storms.

23. A. greenness B. greener C. greenest D. greenery

24. A. its B. our C. their D. your

25. A. referred B. indicated C. spoken D. mentioned

26. A. assistants B. inventors C. residents D. owners

27. A. brain B. place C. centre D. heart

28. A. off B. down C. away D. in

**V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)**

29. Mom had to do everything without \_\_\_\_\_modern\_\_\_\_\_ equipment (modernize)

30. Can you tell me how to \_\_\_\_ pronounce \_\_\_\_ this word? (pronunciation)

31. They collected over 100 \_\_\_\_ signatures \_\_\_ for the petition. (sign)

32. Be careful! \_\_electricity\_\_\_ can kill. (electrical)

33. We should do more to save \_\_\_\_natural\_\_\_\_\_ resources. (nature)

34. \_\_\_Traditionally\_\_, Vietnamese people make Chung cakes in the Tet holidays. (tradition)

**VI. Rearrange the words or phrases in correct order to make complete sentences.(0.5 pt)**

35. to help me/ It’s /of you / with this math problem /very kind /. /

A. It’s very kind to help me of you with this math problem.

B. It’s very kind of you to help me with this math problem.

C. It’s very kind of you with this math problem to help me.

D. It’s very kind to help me with this math problem of you.

36. before the exams/ their lesson/ carefully/ ought to learn/ The students /. /

A. The students before the exams ought to learn their lesson carefully.

B. The students ought to learn carefully before the exams their lesson.

C. The students ought to carefully their lesson learn before the exams.

D. The students ought to learn their lesson carefully before the exams.

**VII. Rewrite the following sentences in another way so as it means almost the same as the one before it. (1.0 pt)**

37. Mr. Ba and Mr. Tam began teaching Math in 2010.

A. Mr. Ba and Mr. Tam have taught Math since 2010.

B. Mr. Ba and Mr. Tam has taught Math for 2010.

C. Mr. Ba and Mr. Tam have teaching Math since 2010.

D. Mr. Ba and Mr. Tam has teaching Math for 2010.

38. I lived on a farm once, but I don't anymore.

A. I used to living on the farm.

B. I used to lived on the farm.

C. I used to live on the farm.

D. I used to lives on the farm.

39. Going out alone very late at night isn’t safe.

A. It’s very safe to go out alone very late at night.

B. It’s not very unsafe to go out alone very late at night.

C. It’s very unsafe go out alone very late at night.

D. It’s very unsafe to go out alone very late at night.

40. Thuy Tien is beautiful and intelligent. She can become Miss Grand International 2021.

A. Thuy Tien is enough beautiful and intelligent to become Miss Grand International 2021.

B. Thuy Tien is beautiful and intelligent enough becoming Miss Grand International 2021.

C. Thuy Tien is beautiful and intelligent enough to become Miss Grand International 2021.

D. Thuy Tien is enough beautiful and intelligent to becoming Miss Grand International 2021.

- THE END OF THE TEST –

REVISION 4

**I. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (0.25 x 14 = 3.5 pts)**

1. The children enjoyed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the party very much. They really had a good time there.

A. himself B. themselves C. itself D. ourselves

2. His parents died when he was born, so he spent most of his childhood in that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. cousins B. orphanage C. orphans D. neighbors

3. In my dream, I found myself \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ transformed into a king.

A. magician B. magic C. magical D. magically

4. Ba: What about going to the concert tonight, Bao? → Bao: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Great. Me too. B. Which band is it? C. You like it. D. I’m fine. Thanks

5. It's really hot and stuffy in this building! - Why don’t we have dinner \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the back yard?

A. outside B. inside C. up D. off

6. Ba hates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meals, but he likes performing music.

A. cook B. cooks C. to cook D. cooking

7. Old Woman: Could you do me a favor? - Boy: Sure. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. What can I do for you? B. Yes, I do. C. What do you do? D. Yes, it is.

8. The Youth Union, together with other youth organizations, often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ social activities.

A. build B. found C. form D. hold

9. These activities \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to help the young develop their public awareness and form their personality.

A. aim B. aid C. establish D. hold

10. Are the schools \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the children to study there again?

A. enough safe B. not enough safe C. safe enough D. enough safety

11. Yummy! The fried chicken \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ delicious. - Can I try it now?

A. smells B. eats C. fries D. hears

12. I’d like to put my desk \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the window.

A. next B. near C. opposite D. on the right

13. My granddad usually gets thirsty at midnight, so we keep a glass of water within his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. rich B. risk C. reach D. read

14. There are some public holidays \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ April and June in Vietnam.

A. between B. on C. at D. to

**II. Read the signs and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D). (0.25 x2 = 0.5 pts)**

15. This sign means “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.



A. Only cars and motorcycles are allowed

B. Only motorcycles are allowed

C. Cars and motorcycles are not forbidden

D. No entry for cars and motorbikes road

16. This sign means that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.



A. you must wait for a safe gap before continuing driving.

B. you must stop due to a road construction area.

C. you can drive faster on the road ahead.

D. you do not have to stop at a roundabout.

**III. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 17 to 20 are True or False, and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D) for the questions 21 and 22. (0.25 x 6 = 1.5 pts)**

Once upon a time there was a young girl called Cinderella. Cinderella was living happily with her family when her mother died. Her father married an evil widow with two daughters. Cinderella’s stepmother and two stepsisters mistreated her. She had to wear old clothes and work hard while the sisters wore fancy clothes and had fun. One day, before the prince’s party, a fairy godmother appeared and turned Cinderella’s rags into a beautiful gown. However, before Cinderrella left for the party, the fairy godmother said “all of this lasts only to midnight. At the stroke of midnight, everything will go back to how it was before.” At the party, the handsome prince fell in love with Cinderella while they were dancing and wanted to find out who she was. However, when Cinderella saw the time, she left the party in a hurry, but she left a glass shoe. The prince used that shoe to find her. They soon got married and lived happily ever after.

17. Cinderella’s mother died because her father married an evil widow .

18. Cinderella’s stepmother and two stepsisters were cruel to her.

19. A fairy godmother appeared to help Cinderella before the prince’s party.

20. Cinderella will be in rags again after the stroke of midnight.

21. What type of folk tale is this story?

A. Fable - a very short story in which animals act like people.

B. Origin tale - story that answers questions about how things began or came to be.

C. Fairy tale - story that features magical elements such as dragons, fairies, elves or giants.

D. Trickster tale - story about a trickster character who sets up traps and tricks for the others.

22. It can be inferred from the tale that Cinderella was very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in her gown.

A. attractive B. unattractive C. shy D. magic

IV. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

There are some (23) \_\_\_\_\_ that schools in every country choose to teach like maths, science and languages. Maths helps (24) \_\_\_\_\_ students’ thinking and science teaches students about the world. Students learn languages to communicate (25) \_\_\_\_\_ people around them. However, different nations also teach different subjects in their schools. Vietnamese schools often teach students moral lessons and literature. They want their students to become (26) \_\_\_\_\_ people in the future. In Western countries, people teach students economics and (27) \_\_\_\_\_ technology from high school. They want to (28) \_\_\_\_\_ their students for their jobs in the future.

23. A. terms B. subjects C. habits D. study habits

24. A. develop B. developing C. developed D. to developing

25. A. of B. by C. with D. for

26. A. well B. better C. hardly D. carefully

27. A. inform B. informing C. information D. informative

28. A. report B. repair C. mend D. prepare

**V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)**

29. They looked at the boy holding a snake in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . (amaze)

30. Na is going to the photo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this afternoon. (exhibit)

31. I think I should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my English pronunciation next term. (improvement)

32. I’ll try my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get good grades for math. (good)

33. Sorry, but I’m speaking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because I have a sore throat. (soft)

34. I'm glad to tell you that I'm having \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ activities this summer. (interest)

V. Rearrange the words or phrases in correct order to make complete sentences.(0.5 pt)

35. the Union was / In December 1976, / officially named / Youth Union / Ho Chi Minh Communist /./

A.  In December 1976, officially named the Union was Ho Chi Minh Communist Youth Union.

B.  In December 1976, the Union was Ho Chi Minh Communist officially named Youth Union.

C.  In December 1976, the Union was officially named Youth Union Ho Chi Minh Communist.

D.  In December 1976, the Union was officially named Ho Chi Minh Communist Youth Union.

36. 26th 1931 by / The Union was / the beloved / founded on March / President Ho Chi Minh /./

A.  The Union was 26th 1931 by founded on March the beloved President Ho Chi Minh.

B.  The Union was President Ho Chi Minh founded on March 26th 1931 by the beloved.

C.  The Union was founded on March 26th 1931 by the beloved President Ho Chi Minh.

D.  President Ho Chi Minh The Union was founded on March 26th 1931 by the beloved.

IV. Rewrite the following sentences in another way so as it means almost the same as the one before it. (1.0 pt)

37. It’s necessary for us to do some revision before the tests.

A.  We ought to do some revision before the tests.

B.  We ought do some revision before the tests.

C.  We ought doing some revision before the tests.

D.  We ought to test some revision before doing.

38. “Please close your English book before the test”, Miss Jackson said to the boy.

A.  Miss Jackson asked the boy closed his English book before the test.

B.  Miss Jackson asked the boy closes his English book before the test.

C.  Miss Jackson asked the boy to close his English book before the test.

D.  Miss Jackson asked the boy to close her English book before the test.

39. They usually sent documents with that fax machine.

A.  They used with that fax machine to send documents.

B.  They used to send documents with that fax machine.

C.  They used to sent documents with that fax machine.

D.  They used to sending documents with that fax machine.

40. No teachers will help the students with their assignments.

A.  The students will have to do their assignments themselves.

B.  The students will have done their assignments themselves.

C.  The students will have to do their assignments himself.

D.  The students will have done their assignments itself.